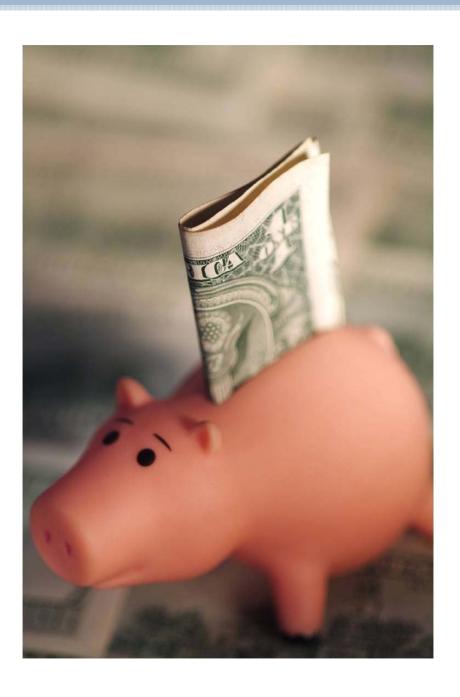
# BUY SMART: Affordable New Car Buying in 5 Steps

Courtesy of METRO Federal Credit Union



## STEP #1: Piggy Bank and Pocket Book Planning

- 1) Establish your monthly car budget limits.
  - ✓ Feel free to call METRO for payment estimates!
- 2) Review current monthly living expenses.
  - Mortgage/Rent
  - Utilities
  - Food
  - Clothing
  - Medical
  - Savings
- 3) Determine how much money is available from your NET monthly income for car expenses. (Don't forget car insurance!)

#### "Do The Math"

- Don't Forget..... STASH SOME CASH!
  - Set aside money every paycheck for emergency bills OR to help with your down payment



### Get Pre-Approved at METRO

METRO offers FREE loan Pre-Approvals

Print an application from our website

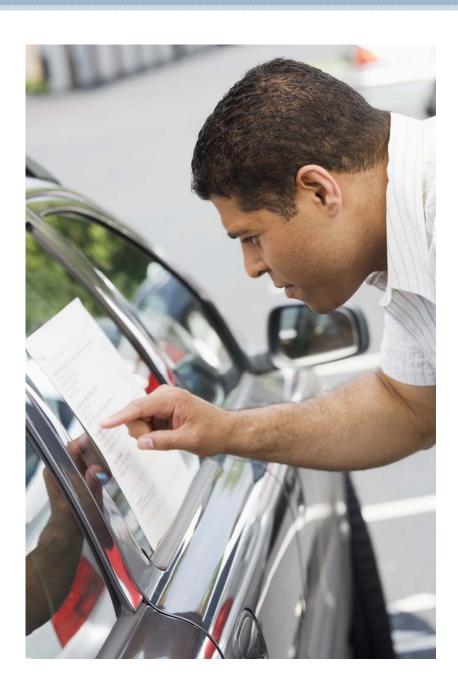
and view current,

competitive

loan rates

www.mcu.org





# STEP #2: New Car Costs and MSRPs

- 1) Collect actual Dealer Cost and MSRP lists for each vehicle you are considering to purchase.
  - Use CarQuotes.com on METRO's website to build and price your NEW vehicle.
- 2) Calculate the dealer's cost for the vehicle including all options.
  - METRO has New Car
    Pricing Guides stop in and take a look!
  - CarQuotes.com can assist in determining costs!

## New Car Buying



- Visit <u>www.mcu.org/auto\_services.htm</u> and click on METRO's CarQuotes.com link to get started
- Check recent cash back incentives for all makes and models
- Build and Price your new vehicle
- Identify dealer invoice pricing and MSRP



#### STEP #3: Current Car Trade-in Values

If you have a trade-in to use toward your New Vehicle purchase:

- 1) Confirm model & year with your VIN number
- 2) Check on Low Mileage Credits or High Mileage Penalties
- 3) Make several copies of the data for your trade-in
  - ✓ METRO suggests that your best negotiating tool is Kelley Blue Book for your trade-in value the pricing on KBB is inflated for dealership use. This means that KBB will give you the highest value for your trade-in.
- 4) Confirm your payoff amount for any current auto loan
- 5) Trade-in Credit = Trade-in \$ Value minus Loan \$ Payoff
  - \$9,000 (trade-in value) \$7,500 (loan payoff) = \$1,500 Trade-in credit
  - \$9,000 (trade-in value) \$9,500 (loan payoff) = \$500 negative trade-in equity (added to total on bill of sale)

# Determining Kelley Blue Book Trade-In Value

- After entering your vehicle information, zip code, and vehicle options on KBB, the mileage credit/deduction will automatically be determined.
- You will be provided with four different valuations. Each value is based on the current condition of your vehicle:
  - Excellent, Very Good, Good, or Fair
- Pick the value that best describes the condition of your auto.

#### STEP #4: Negotiating Your Best Deal

- New Vehicle Price = ONLY
   Dealer Cost + Dealer's Fair
   Profit.
  - If Dealer refuses to accept New Vehicle Price, stop talking, leave and find another dealer!
- Sales Tax = ONLY (New Vehicle Price LESS Trade-in Value) X Tax Rate

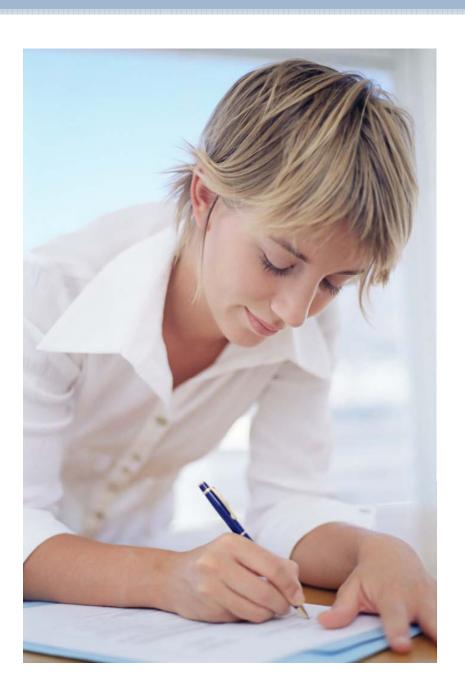
#### **3) ADD:**

- +New Vehicle Price
- +Sales Tax
- +Misc Doc Fees

(Title, Transfer, etc.)

#### SUBTRACT:

- -Trade-in Credit
- -ManufacturersRebates/Cash Back
- TOTAL = Bottom LinePurchase Cost



# STEP #5: Completing the Transaction

- 1) Most Dealer provided add-ons (extended warranty/undercoating/etc.) are available more economically from third parties, i.e., aftermarket.
- 2) Keep in mind that dealerships often run your credit multiple times when negotiating financing. Too many credit inquiries can negatively impact your credit score.
- 3) If you are already Pre-Approved by METRO, there will be NO dealer inquiries on your credit! Tell the Salesperson that you already have financing.





# AT **FINANCING** 0F **BENEFITS**

- FREE PREAPPROVALS
- COMPETITIVE RATES
- ONE CREDIT INQUIRY ON CBR
- PAYROLL DEDUCTION
- PERSONALIZED SERVICE

## Cautions Regarding Leasing

#### Leasing only saves you money when:

- You don't exceed the annual mileage caps
- The total monthly leasing cost is less than monthly loan payment
- You don't anticipate purchasing the vehicle after the lease term expires

Monthly Leasing Cost = Monthly lease payment + \$ Due @ inception / #months lease Monthly Loan Payment = Monthly loan payment + \$ Down Payment / #months loan

Leased vehicle Residual Values are realistic;
 lower Residual Values = higher monthly lease payments



#### More Helpful Information......

- Insurance
  - Notify your agent of your car purchase!
  - Keep in mind that many factors determine your insurance rate specifically the year, make and model of your new auto, your driving record and your personal demographics
  - Be prepared for an increase in your insurance premium
    ✓ Ask your agent if your carrier has a New Car Discount
- Other Factors that Determine Insurance Cost:
  - Vehicle safety features
  - Car alarm
  - Coverage
  - Number of vehicles you insure
  - Driving record
  - Number of drivers

